A CHARACTERIZATION OF THE GOLDEN SECTION, OR OF THE CONSTANT OF FIBONACCI

ANDREI VERNESCU

ABSTRACT. It is well-known that the famous golden number $\alpha=(1+\sqrt{5})/2$ admits the following two representations

$$x(a) = \sqrt{a + \sqrt{a + \sqrt{a + \dots}}}$$
$$y(b) = b + \frac{1}{b + \frac{1}{b + \frac{1}{b + \dots}}}$$
$$b + \frac{1}{b + \frac{1}{b + \dots}}$$

with a = b = 1.

We prove the converse implication, i.e. if a number A admits the both representations x(a) and y(b) with the same parameter a = b, then it results obviously that a = b = 1 and $A = x(1) = y(1) = \alpha$.

VALAHIA UNIVERSITY OF TÂRGOVIȘTE FACULTY OF SCIENCES BD. UNIRII NO. 18, 130082 TÂRGOVIȘTE, ROMANIA *E-mail address*: avernescu@pcnet.ro